

OUR LADY OF THE LA 530 Ruth Street, Green Lake, WI. 54941 www.OLOL.center Live Streamed Masses - pls check our webpage

13 Sunday in OT June 27, 2021

Fr. PETER AUER, Pastor Cell: 920-605-5765 OLGreenLake@gmail.com OFFICE: 920-294-6440 Carolyn Zentner (Mon/Tue) 8:30 AM — 12:30 PM OLGLCatholic@gmail.com		Mk 5:21-43 or 5:21-2	He took the child by the hand		
FINANCIAL SECRETARY	and said to her, "Talitha koum,"				
Betty Rowley	MASS INTENTIONS				
	SAT, June 26	5 PM	+ Frank & Helen Cirino		
BUILDINGS & GROUNDS Hal Pohlman	SUN, June 27	8 AM	Parish Family		
		10 AM	+ Nick Lueptow		
EVANGELIZATION LEADER	MON, June 28	8 AM	+ For All the Poor Souls in Purgatory		
Carol Lawrence			-especially those forgotten		
		8:30 AN	1 - 11:30 AM ADORATION 🛛 🛉		
FINANCE COUNCIL CHAIR	TUE, June 29	8 AM	+ Regina Anderson		
Stephen Prissel	WED, June 30	8 AM	+ Sharon Andrews		
PASTORAL COUNCIL CHAIR	THU, July 1	8 AM	+ Kenneth Pilon		
	FRI, July 2	8 AM	+ Edward Kozik		
Gary Krahn	SAT, July 3	8 AM	+ Frank & Lil Sametz 🤱		
COUNCIL OF CATHOLIC WOMEN		5 PM	+ Frank & Helen Cirino		
Pat Green	SUN, July 4	8 AM	+ John Mullowney 🦇		
		10 AM	Parish Family		
EW PARISHIONERS: Welcome to our Parish Family! If you wish to register, please stop in the parish 🔔 🍰 🔹 🙎					

NEW PA office to pick up a new membership form, or print out a copy from our website: www.OLOL.center. **CONFESSIONS:** Sat: 4 - 4:45 pm, Sun 7:30 - 7:45 am, 9:30 - 9:45 am, and by appointment anytime. **BAPTISM:** Please contact Fr. Peter as soon as possible, even before the birth of the baby. MARRIAGE: Please contact Fr. Peter at least 6 months prior to the wedding date.



LITURGICAL MINISTRIES: July 3 & 4

LECTORS

5 PM Diane Wagner Mark Kramer 8 AM 10 AM Bobbie Erdmann EMHC 5 PM Amy Polcyn 8 AM Bob Klatt Betty Keipe 10 AM



June 27 11 am OUR CHURCH PICNIC - make time! June 28 8:30am - 12:30pm, OFFICE OPEN 8:30-11:30 am ADORATION June 29 8:30am - 12:30pm, OFFICE IS OPEN July 4 Independence Day Independence Day observed. July 5

MOVIE & A POTLUCK Calamity Jane - Doris Day

PICNIC

THIS SUNDAY - PLEASE COME ONE, COME ALL! THERE IS ENOUGH FOOD FOR ALL WHO COME. IF YOU CAN, PLEASE BRING A SIDE DISH. THANK YOU!

PLEASE PRAY FOR...

Our Country, Dea Shimpach and her son, Mike Dudzinski, Ellie Hahnl, William Stevens, Pat Green, Bill & Elaine Riebe, Marie Pitre, Kathryn & Ed Wabiszewski, John Robert Katsibubas, Dusty Walker.

WHAT'S IN OUR CHURCH

A PRIE-DIEU (French: literally, "pray to God", also known as kneeler) is an essential part of a Church. The top is slanted to hold a prayer book or missal, or one can rest his/her arms while praying. The kneeling part is often cushioned to allow a comfortable praying attitude. It is also used for private devotions at home. A larger size prie-dieu is often used for weddings or for praving before a the mortal remains displayed in a coffin.

Its present form comes to us from the 17th century. It was very popular with ladies of higher standing, who did have chapels in their homes and often a priest to take care of the spiritual need of the whole house of the hoi aristoi (as to differentiate from the hoi polloi).

OFFERING

Thank you for your support by	envelope or online!	
Envelopes	\$1134.00	vol
ONLINE Giving	\$00.00	
Loose Cash	\$1736.00 🎵	
Devotional Candles	\$17.01	
Total	\$2887.01	

From the DESK of... Fr. Peter

DEVOTIONS

The mission of the Church is to bring the Good News to all the world. The Church has the power of GOD at it's disposal. The Sacraments, are where GOD comes and encounters individual people on a one on one.

It stands to reason that we cannot be at holy Mass 24/7. There is a life to be lived – most people are part of the laity. As such we are to enter the world and transform the world to further the kingdom of GOD. Just to go to Church is does not nearly fulfill our duty as a martyr of GOD, which title we received in Confirmation. As a fully initiated Catholic we make Christ present whenever and wherever we can. This means: outside the Sacraments.

This is where devotions come in. Devotions are a manifold expression of our love and service to GOD and neighbor. Because all our spiritual and mental state, ought to be expressed in action. Each person is called differently. Some become a third order of a religious group, some are drawn to the life-style of, lets say: a Franciscan. They don't have to be formally initiated, though very helpful, but we can strive to live without excess, care for others, be in harmony with nature,... as St. Francis did.

Devotions are mostly thought about when we say the Rosary, or make a novena, or fasting, or make a pilgrimage, or something similar. But it is always about prayer and seeking union with GOD. We can also have a devotion to saints. who by imitating their life - these saints will be able to help us and guide us. But the end of our devotion is ALWAYS GOD. A good example of this is our Blessed Mother. If we are her children, she will prepare us to become one with the Most Holy Trinity. When she has done this, she steps back and rejoices that we have found Him, who must be our one and all.

FLOCKNOTE SIGN-UP ON OUR WEBPAGE

DEVOTION TO THE IMMACULATE HEART

Why it is so crucial

Devotion of Reparation

As recommended by the Blessed Mother, this devotion is intended to make reparation for the ongoing offenses suffered by the Immaculate Heart. At the June 1917 apparition, Our Lady opened her hands, which gave off an intense light: "In front of the palm of Our Lady's right hand was a heart surrounded with thorns that appeared to be piercing it. We understood it was the Immaculate Heart of Mary, insulted by the sins of humanity, which wanted reparation." What is the meaning of this devotion? Why should we venerate the Immaculate Heart of Mary? Given our limited space, we will detail a few aspects, rich in meaning, of this admirable devotion.

THE LITANY OF LORETO beautiful custom of all the provinces of the East and of Italy be kept up, viz., that of singing with great effect and The Litany of Loreto is one of the many Marian litanies compunction the 'Kyrie Eleison' at Mass, Matins, and Veswhich were the product of the Middle Ages. These litanies pers, because so sweet and pleasing a chant, even praise Mary. This particular litany originated at the shrine though continued day and night without interruption, of the Holy House at Loreto, which, according to tradition, could never produce disgust or weariness". The number was the small cottage-like home where the Holy Family of repetitions depended upon the celebrant. This litany is had lived and which was miraculously transported by anprescribed in the Roman Breviary as well as in the Rule of gels, in 1291, from the Holy Land to its present location in St. Benedict. Loreto. It was definitely recommended by Pope Clement When peace was granted to the Church after three cen-VII and approved by Sixtus V in 1587, and all other Marian turies of bloody persecution, public devotions became litanies were suppressed, at least for public use.

common and processions were frequently held, with These titles and invocations set before us exalt Mary's preference for days which the heathens had held sacred. privileges, her holiness of life, her amiability and power, These processions were called litanies, and in them picher motherly spirit and queenly majesty. Reflection on the tures and other religious emblems were carried. In titles of the litany, therefore, will unfold before us a mag-Rome, pope and people would go in procession each nificent picture of our heavenly Mother, even though we day, especially in Lent, to a different church, to celebrate know little about her life. the Sacred Mysteries. Thus originated the Roman Our Lady's influence on the world has always been great. "Stations", and what was called the "Litania Major", or "Romana". It was held on 25 April, on which day the heathens had celebrated the festival of Robigalia, the principal feature of which was a procession.

From the moment she took all of us as her spiritual children, at the foot of the Cross, she has proved herself to be a mother without equal. Over the course of time, she has lightened the burden of millions, brought peace and joy to In 590, when a pestilence caused by an overflow of the tortured hearts, counsel to those in doubt, comfort to the Tiber was ravaging Rome, Gregory the Great commandsorrowing, repentance and mercy to sinners, and GOD to ed a litany which is called "Septiformis"; on the precedeveryone who would accept Him. Our Lady never ceases ing day he exhorted the people to fervent prayer, and to work for the conversion, sanctification and salvation of arranged the order to be observed in the procession, us poor sinners. It was during her apparition at La Salette, which basically everyone in that vicinity ought to attend. in 1846, that she said that we could never repay her for all The "Litania Minor", or "Gallicana", on the Rogation Days that she has done for us. before Ascension, was introduced (477) by St. Mamertus,

So what is a Litany? This word comes from the Greek and means basically: prayer (Latin: litania, letania, from the Greek lite: prayer or supplication). We will be surprised to Orleans. For Rome it was ordered by Leo III, in 799. find that the Jews prayed litanies too. Litanies to the In 1601 there were about eighty litanies in circulation. Mother of God date back to the beginnings of Patristic To prevent abuse, Pope Clement VIII, literature (first few centuries); but very definite evidence by decree of the of them is found in certain Celtic manuscripts of the Inquisition of Sepeighth century. tember 6, 1601, for-A litany is a prayer, a raising of the mind and heart heavbade the publication enwards. Often they are prayed in Churches, but also in of any litany, except private devotions, for common necessities of the Church, that of the saints as or in calamities, to implore God's aid or to appease His found in the liturgijust wrath. This form of prayer finds its model in Psalm cal books and that 135: "Praise the Lord, for he is good: for his mercy enof Loreto. This was dureth for ever. Praise ye the God of gods . . . the Lord of for official public lords . . . Who alone doth great wonders . . . Who made worship. But there the heavens", etc., with each verse being concluded with are also many litathe words, "for his mercy endureth for ever." Similar is the nies composed for canticle of praise by the youths in the fiery furnace (Dan. private devotion 3:57-87), with the response, "praise and exalt him above that are not used in all for ever." the public worship The Council of Vaison in 529 passed the decree: "Let that of the Church.



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Bishop of Vienne, on account of the earthquakes and other calamities then prevalent. It was prescribed for the whole of Frankish Gaul (France), in 511, by the Council of



DIE LAURETANISCHE LITANE